



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Aqua Investment (India) Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone Ind AS financial statements of Aqua Investment (India) Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have not determined any key audit matters.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholders Information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose or preparation of the financial statements.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid remuneration to its directors during the year and hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. There are no pending litigations that may have an impact on the Company's financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Deepak Jedhe & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 141713W

DEEPAK RAMESH JEDHE
Digitally signed
by DEEPAK
RAMESH JEDHE
Date: 2022.05.25
12:17:38 +05'30'

CA. Deepak Jedhe
Memb No. 160725

UDIN : 22160725AJOCDL6189

Place : Mumbai
Date : 25th May 2022

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's report on the standalone Ind AS financial statements of Aqua Investment (India) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022.

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- i. The Company does not have any fixed assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3 (i) (a) (b) to clause 3 (i) (e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ii.
 - a. The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii) (a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b. The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has granted loans to its holding company during the year, details of the loan is stated in sub-clause (a) below.
 - a. A. Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans to subsidiaries Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the company does have any subsidiaries hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a)(A) of the order is not applicable.

B. Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loans to a party other than subsidiaries as below:

| Particulars | Amount in Rupees |
|--|------------------|
| Aggregate amount during the year - Others | 30,00,000 |
| Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date | 2,24,50,000 |

- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the loans given are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular.

- d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given.
 - e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan given falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans given to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same party.
 - f. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not given any loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not given any loans, or provided any guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Company has not provided any guarantee or security as specified under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in relation to loans given and investments made.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the products manufactured by it (and/ or services provided by it). Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) In respect of statutory dues:
- a. The Company did not have any employee on its payroll and hence depositing of statutory dues viz PF, ESIC do not apply to the company.
 - b. According to the records of the Company examined by us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Sales Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, GST, Cess and other statutory dues outstanding as at 31st March, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any loans or borrowings from any lender during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds have been raised on short-term basis by the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
- f. According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) a. The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) a. Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- c. We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013,

where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.

- (xiv) In our opinion the Company does not require an adequate internal audit system due to its size and the nature of its business and hence reporting under clause 3(xiv)(a) & (b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) a. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) & (b) of the Order is not applicable.

b. The Company holds not less than 90% of its net assets in the form of investment in group companies; does not trade in the investments in group companies and does not carry on any other financial activity referred to in Section 45 1(c) and (f) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, the company is a Core Investment Company (CIC) in terms of RBI circular No. DNBS (PD) CC. No. 206/03.10.001/2010-11 dated 5th January, 2012 which does not require registration of the company with RBI. The company has also not accepted deposits from the public.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) In our opinion, the threshold limit prescribed in provisions of section 135(1) of the Act is not crossed by the company. Hence, compliance under section 135(5) and section 135(6) are not applicable to the company Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) (a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For Deepak Jedhe & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 141713W

DEEPAK
RAMESH
H JEDHE

Digitally signed
by DEEPAK
RAMESH JEDHE
Date:
2022.05.25
12:18:08 +05'30'

CA. Deepak Jedhe
Memb No. 160725

Place : Mumbai
Date : 25th May 2022

Annexure B to the Independent auditor's report of even date on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of Aqua Investments (India) Limited.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Aqua Investments (India) Limited ("the Company") as of March 31st, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Deepak Jedhe & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN : 141713W

DEEPAK
RAMESH
JEDHE

Digitally signed
by DEEPAK
RAMESH JEDHE
Date: 2022.05.25
12:18:34 +05'30'

CA. Deepak Jedhe

Memb No. 160725

Place : Mumbai

Date : 25th May 2022

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Balance sheet as at 31st March 2022

| | Notes | As at 31st March 2022 INR | As at 31st March 2021 INR |
|--|-------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| <u>Non-current assets</u> | | | |
| (a) Financial assets | | | |
| (i) Investments | 2 | 41,71,79,921 | 33,15,08,718 |
| (b) Non current tax assets | 3 | 47,004 | 31,198 |
| Total non-current assets | | 41,72,26,924 | 33,15,39,916 |
| <u>Current assets</u> | | | |
| (a) (i) Cash and cash equivalents | 4 | 19,85,846 | 18,55,094 |
| (ii) Loans & advances | 5 | 2,24,50,000 | 1,94,50,000 |
| (iii) Other financial Assets | 6 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| (b) Current tax assets (Net) | 3 | - | - |
| Total current assets | | 2,44,45,846 | 2,13,15,094 |
| Total assets | | 44,16,72,771 | 35,28,55,010 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| <u>Equity</u> | | | |
| (a) Equity share capital | 7 | 1,77,02,000 | 1,77,02,000 |
| (b) Other equity | 8 | 39,24,36,607 | 31,61,01,305 |
| Total equity | | 41,01,38,607 | 33,38,03,305 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | |
| <u>Non-current liabilities</u> | | | |
| (a) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) | | 3,14,50,780 | 1,89,24,821 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 3,14,50,780 | 1,89,24,821 |
| <u>Current liabilities</u> | | | |
| (a) Other current liabilities | 9 | 83,010 | 91,860 |
| (b) Liabilities for current tax (Net) | 10 | 374 | 35,024 |
| Total current liabilities | | 83,384 | 1,26,884 |
| Total liabilities | | 3,15,34,164 | 1,90,51,705 |
| | | 44,16,72,771 | 35,28,55,010 |
| Significant accounting policies | 1 | | |
| See accompanying notes to the financial statements | | | |

As per our report of even date

For Deepak Jedhe & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 141713W

DEEPAK
RAMESH
JEDHE

Digitally signed by
DEEPAK RAMESH JEDHE
Date: 2022.05.25
16:24:51 +05'30'

Deepak Jedhe
Proprietor
Membership no.: 160725

Place : Mumbai
Date : 25th May, 2022

**For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Aqua Investment (India) Limited**

RAJESH
CHANDRABH
AN SHARMA

Digitally signed by
RAJESH CHANDRABHAN
SHARMA
Date: 2022.05.25
15:47:04 +05'30'

Rajesh Sharma
Director

NANDKUMAR
MANOHAR
RANADIVE

Digitally signed by
NANDKUMAR
MANOHAR RANADIVE
Date: 2022.05.25
15:47:30 +05'30'

N. M. Ranadive
Director

Place : Mumbai
Date : 25th May, 2022

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Statement of profit and loss for the period ended 31st March, 2022

| | Notes | Period ended 31st March 2022 INR | Year ended 31st March 2021 INR |
|---|-------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Income | | | |
| Revenue from operations | | - | - |
| Other income | 11 | 43,56,256 | 22,66,349 |
| Total Income | | 43,56,256 | 22,66,349 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Other expenses | 12 | 85,198 | 1,05,465 |
| Total expenses | | 85,198 | 1,05,465 |
| Profit before tax | | 42,71,058 | 21,60,883 |
| Tax expense | | | |
| Current tax | | 10,81,000 | 5,55,000 |
| (Excess) / Short provision earlier years | | - | - |
| Total tax expense | | 10,81,000 | 5,55,000 |
| Profit after tax | | 31,90,058 | 16,05,883 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| (a) Equity instruments through other comprehensive income | | 8,56,71,203 | 17,85,88,481 |
| (b) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | (1,25,25,959) | (1,61,53,292) |
| Total Other Comprehensive Income | | 7,31,45,244 | 16,24,35,189 |
| Total Comprehensive Income | | 7,63,35,302 | 16,40,41,072 |
| Earnings per equity share: [Nominal value of shares INR 10 (2020-2021: INR 10)] | | | |
| Basic | | 1.80 | 0.91 |
| Diluted | | 1.80 | 0.91 |

Significant accounting policies

1

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Deepak Jedhe & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 141713W

DEEPAK
RAMESH JEDHE

Digitally signed by
DEEPAK RAMESH JEDHE
Date: 2022.05.25
16:25:34 +05'30'

Deepak Jedhe
Proprietor
Membership no.: 160725

Place : Mumbai

Date : 25th May, 2022

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Aqua Investment (India) Limited

RAJESH
CHANDRABHAN
SHARMA

Digitally signed by RAJESH
CHANDRABHAN SHARMA
Date: 2022.05.25 15:47:56
+05'30'

Rajesh Sharma
Director

Place : Mumbai

Date : 25th May, 2022

NANDKUMAR
MANOHAR
RANADIVE

Digitally signed by
NANDKUMAR MANOHAR
RANADIVE
Date: 2022.05.25 15:48:14
+05'30'

N. M. Ranadive
Director

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Cash flow statement for the period ended 31st March, 2022

| | Period ended 31st March 2022 INR | Year ended 31st March 2021 INR |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| A. Cash flow from operating activities: | | |
| Net profit before tax as per statement of profit and loss | 42,71,058 | 21,60,883 |
| Adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows: | | |
| Dividend received | (25,38,030) | (3,80,705) |
| Interest received | (18,18,226) | (18,85,644) |
| Cash generated from operations before working capital changes | (85,198) | (1,05,465) |
| Movements in working capital: | | |
| (Increase) / Decrease in other current assets | - | - |
| (Decrease) / Increase in other liabilities | (8,850) | 20,060 |
| Cash generated from operations | (94,048) | (85,405) |
| Taxes paid | (11,31,456) | (6,37,740) |
| Net cash generated from operating activities (A) | (12,25,504) | (7,23,145) |
| B. Cash flow from investing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | - | - |
| Investments made in others | (30,00,000) | (29,00,000) |
| Investments matured in others | - | - |
| Bank deposit matured during the period (with maturity more than three months) | - | - |
| Dividend received | 25,38,030 | 3,80,705 |
| Interest received | 18,18,226 | 18,85,644 |
| Net cash used in investing activities (B) | 13,56,256 | (6,33,652) |
| C. Cash flow from financing activities: | | |
| Net cash generated / (used) in financing activities (C) | - | - |
| Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A)+(B)+(C) | 1,30,752 | (13,56,797) |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year | 18,55,094 | 32,11,890 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year | 19,85,846 | 18,55,094 |

- The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) - Statement of Cash Flow
- Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever applicable

As per our report of even date

For Deepak Jedhe & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 141713W

DEEPAK
RAMESH JEDHE

Digitally signed by
DEEPAK RAMESH JEDHE
Date: 2022.05.25
16:26:04 +05'30'

Deepak Jedhe
Proprietor
Membership no.: 160725

Place : Mumbai
Date : 25th May, 2022

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Aqua Investment (India) Limited

RAJESH
CHANDRABHAN
AN SHARMA

Digitally signed by
RAJESH
CHANDRABHAN
SHARMA
Date: 2022.05.25
15:49:00 +05'30'

Rajesh Sharma
Director

Place : Mumbai
Date : 25th May, 2022

NANDKUMAR
MANOHAR
RANADIVE

Digitally signed by
NANDKUMAR
MANOHAR RANADIVE
Date: 2022.05.25
15:49:21 +05'30'

N. M. Ranadive
Director

Aqua Investment (India) Limited**Statement of changes in Equity for the period ended 31st March 2022****A. Equity share capital**

| | As at 31st March 2022 | | As at 31st March 2021 | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | Number of shares | INR | Number of shares | INR |
| Issued, subscribed and fully paid up equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 |
| Issued, subscribed and fully paid up equity shares outstanding at the end of the period | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 |

B. Other equity

| | Reserve and Surplus | | Total other equity |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | General reserve | Retained earnings | |
| | INR | INR | INR |
| Balance as at 1st April 2020 | - | 15,20,60,233 | 15,20,60,233 |
| Profit for the year (a) | - | 16,05,883 | 16,05,883 |
| Other Comprehensive Income (b) | - | 16,24,35,189 | 16,24,35,189 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year (a+b) | - | 16,40,41,072 | 16,40,41,072 |
| Dividend paid for the previous year | - | - | - |
| Tax on Dividend paid for the previous year | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March 2021 | - | 31,61,01,305 | 31,61,01,305 |
| Profit for the year (c) | - | 31,90,058 | 31,90,058 |
| Other Comprehensive Income (d) | - | 7,31,45,244 | 7,31,45,244 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year (c+d) | - | 7,63,35,302 | 7,63,35,302 |
| Dividend paid for the previous year | - | - | - |
| Tax on Dividend paid for the previous year | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March 2022 | - | 39,24,36,607 | 39,24,36,607 |

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

1. Significant accounting policies

1.1. Corporate Information

Aqua Investment (India) Limited (the company) is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company has main source of revenue are from Dividend received from Equity Shares held in holding company and interest from Inter Corporate Deposit and Bank Deposits.

1.2. Basis of Preparation

a) Statement of compliance

The company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of sections 133 read with sub-section (1) of Section 210A of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956). In addition, the guidance notes/announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also applied.

These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements.

These standalone financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 25th May 2022.

b) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is also the Company's functional currency.

c) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention.

1.3. Use of estimates

The preparation of the standalone financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

1.4. Measurement of fair values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values, which includes overseeing all significant fair value measurements. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)."

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (contd...)

1.5. Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition based on its nature and characteristics.

A. Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

The financial assets include debt instruments, equity investments, loans, cash and bank balances.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in the following categories:

a) At amortised cost,

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), and

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) At fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL

(iii) Equity investments

All equity investments in the scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category, if any, are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in profit or loss. The Company may make an irrevocable election to present in OCI subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in OCI.

(iv) Impairment of financial assets

All financial assets are reviewed for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

(v) De-recognition

The Company de-recognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset.

B. Financial liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities classified at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings etc.

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (contd...)

(ii) Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are de-recognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iii) De-recognition

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

b) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Interest:

Revenue is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividends:

Revenue is recognized when the shareholders' right to receive payment is established by the Balance Sheet date.

c) Taxation

- i. Provision for current taxation has been made in accordance with the Indian Income tax laws prevailing for the relevant assessment years.
- ii. Deferred tax is recognized, subject to the consideration of prudence, on timing differences being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. If the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that such deferred tax assets can be realized against future taxable profits.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date. The Company writes down the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

At each Balance Sheet date, the Company re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

d) Contingent Liabilities

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed when the company has possible or present obligation and it is probable that cash outflow will not be required to settle that obligation.

e) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

f) Segment reporting policies

The company operates in single business segment. Hence Ind AS 108 on segment reporting is not applicable.

g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand (if any).

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Notes to financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2022 (contd.)
2. Non-current investments

| | As at 31st March 2022 | | As at 31st March 2021 | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | Units | INR | Units | INR |
| Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Quoted, fully paid-up | | | | |
| Equity shares of Ion Exchange (India) Ltd of INR 10 each | 2,53,803 | 41,71,37,921 | 2,53,803 | 33,14,66,718 |
| (A) | | 41,71,37,921 | | 33,14,66,718 |
| At cost in equity shares of associates | | | | |
| Unquoted, fully paid-up | | | | |
| Ion Exchange Enviro Farms Ltd of INR 10 each | 3,000 | 30,000 | 3,000 | 30,000 |
| Ion Exchange Financial Products Pvt Ltd of INR 10 each | 1,200 | 12,000 | 1,200 | 12,000 |
| (B) | | 42,000 | | 42,000 |
| Total non current investments (A+B) | | 41,71,79,921 | | 33,15,08,718 |
| Aggregate amount of quoted Investments | | 41,71,37,921 | | 33,14,66,718 |
| Aggregate amount of unquoted Investments | | 42,000 | | 42,000 |

3. Tax assets

| | Non-current | | Current | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | As at 31st March 2022 | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2022 | As at 31st March 2021 |
| | INR | INR | INR | INR |
| Income tax paid | 47,004 | 31,198 | - | - |
| | 47,004 | 31,198 | - | - |

4. Cash and cash equivalents

| | As at 31st March 2022 | As at 31st March 2021 |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | INR | INR |
| Balances with banks | | |
| On current accounts | 19,85,846 | 18,55,094 |
| | 19,85,846 | 18,55,094 |

Aqua Investment (India) Limited**Notes to financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2022 (contd.)****5. Loans**

| | Non-current | | Current | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | As at 31st March 2022 INR | As at 31st March 2021 INR | As at 31st March 2022 INR | As at 31st March 2021 INR |
| Loans and advances to related parties | | | | |
| (a) Unsecured, considered good | - | - | 2,24,50,000 | 1,94,50,000 |
| | - | - | 2,24,50,000 | 1,94,50,000 |
| Less: Provision for doubtful advances | - | - | - | - |
| | - | - | 2,24,50,000 | 1,94,50,000 |

6. Other Financial Assets

| | Non-current | | Current | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | As at 31st March 2022 INR in Lacs | As at 31st March 2021 INR in Lacs | As at 31st March 2022 INR in Lacs | As at 31st March 2021 INR in Lacs |
| Tender, security and other deposits | | | | |
| (a) Unsecured, considered good | - | - | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| (b) Unsecured, credit impaired | - | - | - | - |
| | - | - | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Less: Provision for credit impaired | - | - | - | - |
| Interest accrued on deposits and margin money (B) | - | - | - | - |
| | | | 10,000 | 10,000 |

Aqua Investment (India) Limited**Notes to financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2022 (contd.)****7. Equity share capital**

| | As at 31st March 2022 | | As at 31st March 2021 | |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | No of shares | INR | No of shares | INR |
| Authorised capital | | | | |
| Equity shares of INR 10 each. | 30,00,000 | 3,00,00,000 | 30,00,000 | 3,00,00,000 |
| | | | | |
| Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up capital | | | | |
| Equity shares of INR 10 each. | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 |
| | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 |

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period

| | As at 31st March 2022 | | As at 31st March 2021 | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | No of shares | INR | No of shares | INR |
| At the beginning of the year | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 |
| Add: Issued during the period | - | - | - | - |
| At the end of the period | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 | 17,70,200 | 1,77,02,000 |

(b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholder

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company *

| | As at 31st March 2022 | | As at 31st March 2021 | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | No of shares | % holding | No of shares | % holding |
| Ion Exchange (India) Ltd The Holding Company | 17,60,000 | 99.42% | 17,60,000 | 99.42% |

* As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Notes to financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2022 (contd.)
8. Other equity

| | As at 31st March 2022 INR | As at 31st March 2021 INR |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Retained earnings | | |
| Balance as at April 1 2021 | 31,61,01,305 | 15,20,60,233 |
| Profit for the period | 31,90,058 | 16,05,883 |
| Other Comprehensive income | | |
| Net fair value gain on investment in equity instruments at FVTOCI | 8,56,71,203 | 17,85,88,481 |
| Income tax on net fair value gain on investment in equity instruments at FVTOCI | (1,25,25,959) | (1,61,53,292) |
| | 39,24,36,607 | 31,61,01,305 |
| | | |
| | 39,24,36,607 | 31,61,01,305 |

9. Other current liabilities

| | As at 31st March 2022 INR | As at 31st March 2021 INR |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Others liabilities | 83,010 | 91,860 |
| | | |
| | 83,010 | 91,860 |

10. Liabilities for tax

| | Non - Current | | Current | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | As at 31st March 2022 INR | As at 31st March 2021 INR | As at 31st March 2022 INR | As at 31st March 2021 INR |
| Provision for income tax | - | - | 374 | 35,024 |
| | | | | |
| | - | - | 374 | 35,024 |

Aqua Investment (India) Limited**Notes to financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2022 (contd.)****11. Other income**

| | Period ended 31st March 2022 INR | Year ended 31st March 2021 INR |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Interest income on | | |
| - Bank deposit | - | - |
| - Inter corporate deposit | 18,18,226 | 18,85,644 |
| Dividend income on | | |
| - Investment in holding company | 25,38,030 | 3,80,705 |
| Change in fair value of investments | | |
| | 43,56,256 | 22,66,349 |

12. Other expenses

| | Period ended 31st March 2022 INR | Year ended 31st March 2021 INR |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| Rates and taxes | 10,000 | 43,796 |
| Legal and professional charges | 57,820 | 46,020 |
| Auditors' remuneration (Refer note below) | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Bank charges | 2,378 | 649 |
| | 85,198 | 1,05,465 |

12.1 Auditors' remuneration (excluding taxes)

| | Period ended 31st March 2022 INR | Year ended 31st March 2021 INR |
|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| As auditor: | | |
| - Audit fees | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Reimbursement of expenses | - | - |
| | 15,000 | 15,000 |

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

13. Financial instruments

Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets, including their levels are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets not measured at fair value if their carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(INR)

| | As at 31st March 2022 | | | As at 31st March 2021 | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|---------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------|
| | Carrying amount | Fair value | | Carrying amount | Fair value | |
| | | Level of input used in | | | Level of input used in | |
| | | Level 1 | Level 2 | | Level 1 | Level 2 |
| | | | | | | |
| Financial assets – Non-Current | 41,71,79,921 | - | - | 33,15,08,718 | - | |
| | | | | | | |
| Financial assets - Current * | | | | | | |
| At amortised cost | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 19,85,846 | | | 18,55,094 | | |
| Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents | - | | | - | | |
| Loans and Advances | 2,24,50,000 | | | 1,94,50,000 | | |
| Others | 10,000 | | | 10,000 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Financial Liabilities - Current * | | | | | | |
| At amortised cost | | | | | | |
| Other current liabilities | 83,010 | | | 91,860 | | |
| | | | | | | |

* The Company has not disclosed the fair value of current financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalent, bank balances others than cash and cash equivalent, Loans and Advances, Others Financial Assets and Other Current Liabilities because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

| Type | Valuation technique |
|---|--|
| Non-current financial assets measured at amortised cost | Discounted cash flow technique: The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate. |

C. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk

(i) Risk management framework

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investment securities.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of INR 19,85,846 as at 31st March 2022 (as at 31st March 2021: INR 18,55,094). The cash and cash equivalents are held with banks with good credit ratings.

Aqua Investment (India) Limited
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

13. Financial instruments (contd..)

Other bank balances

The Company held other bank balances equivalents of INR Nil as at 31st March 2022 (as at 31st March 2021: INR Nil). The other bank balances are mainly surplus fund invested in bank fixed deposits.

Loans and Advances

Loans and advances comprises of Inter Corporate Deposit and MAT Credit of INR 2,24,50,000 as at 31st March 2022 (as at 31st March 2021: INR 1,94,50,000). The Inter Corporate Deposit is held with Ion Exchange India Ltd., holding company of the Company.

Investments

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by generally investing in liquid securities and only with counterparties that have a good credit rating. The Company does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties, and does not have any significant concentration of exposures to specific industry sectors or specific country risks.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets comprises of interest accrued on fixed deposits.

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Since the Company does not have contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date, there is not liquidity risk at the reporting date.

(iv) Market risk

The Company is not exposed to any currency risk since no business operations in other countries. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee.

14. Earning per Share (EPS)

| Particulars | | 31 st March 2022 INR | 31 st March 2021 INR |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| I | Profit Computation for both Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of INR 10 each Net Profit / (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Account available for Equity Shareholders (In INR) | 31,90,058 | 16,05,883 |
| II | Weighted average number of equity shares for Earnings per Share computation A) For Basic Earnings per Share B) For Diluted Earnings per Share No. of shares for Basic EPS as per IIA Add: Weighted Average outstanding employee stock options deemed to be issued for no consideration No. of Shares for Diluted Earnings per Share | 17,70,200 17,70,200 Nil 17,70,200 | 17,70,200 17,70,200 Nil 17,70,200 |
| III | Earnings per Share in Rupees (Weighted Average) Basic Diluted | 1.80 1.80 | 0.91 0.91 |

Aqua Investment (India) Limited**Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022****15. Related Party Transactions**

| <u>Where control exists</u> | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| a) | Holding Company | Ion Exchange (India) Limited |
| Others | | |
| b) | Associates | Ion Exchange Enviro Farms Limited Ion Exchange Financial Products Private Limited |
| c) | Key Management Personnel | Mr. Rajesh Sharma - Director Mr. Ajay Popat - Director Mr. N. M. Ranadive - Director |

I. Transactions during the year with Related Parties**(INR)**

| Nature of transaction | Parties referred to in (a) above | | Parties referred to in (b) & (c) above | | Total | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2021-2022 | 2020-2021 | 2021-2022 | 2020-2021 | 2021-2022 | 2020-2021 |
| Dividend Received | | | | | | |
| Ion Exchange (India) Limited | 25,38,030 | 3,80,705 | Nil | Nil | 25,38,030 | 3,80,705 |
| Total | 25,38,030 | 3,80,705 | Nil | Nil | 25,38,030 | 3,80,705 |
| Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit | | | | | | |
| Ion Exchange (India) Limited | 18,18,226 | 18,85,644 | Nil | Nil | 18,18,226 | 18,85,644 |
| Total | 18,18,226 | 18,85,644 | Nil | Nil | 18,18,226 | 18,85,644 |
| Inter Corporate Deposit Outstanding | | | | | | |
| Ion Exchange (India) Limited | 2,24,50,000 | 1,94,50,000 | Nil | Nil | 2,24,50,000 | 1,94,50,000 |
| Total | 2,24,50,000 | 1,94,50,000 | Nil | Nil | 2,24,50,000 | 1,94,50,000 |

16. Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary, to confirm to current year's classification.

As per our report of even date

For Deepak Jedhe & Co.**Firm registration No.141713W****Chartered Accountants**

DEEPAK
RAMESH JEDHE

Digitally signed by
DEEPAK RAMESH JEDHE
Date: 2022.05.25
16:26:57 +05'30'

Deepak Jedhe**Proprietor****Membership No. 160725****For and on behalf of the board of directors****Aqua Investment (India) Limited**

RAJESH
CHANDRABH
AN SHARMA

Digitally signed by
RAJESH CHANDRABHAN
SHARMA
Date: 2022.05.25 15:50:07
+05'30'

Rajesh Sharma**Director**

NANDKUMAR
MANOHAR
RANADIVE

Digitally signed by
NANDKUMAR
MANOHAR RANADIVE
Date: 2022.05.25
15:50:32 +05'30'

N. M. Ranadive**Director**

Place : Mumbai

Date : 25th May, 2022

Place : Mumbai

Date : 25th May, 2022